

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

H-D U.S.A., LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE PARTNERSHIPS AND
UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS
IDENTIFIED ON SCHEDULE “A”,

Defendants.

Case No. 21-cv-03973

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff H-D U.S.A., LLC (“Harley-Davidson” or “Plaintiff”) hereby brings the present action against the Partnerships and Unincorporated Associations identified on Schedule A attached hereto (collectively, “Defendants”) and alleges as follows:

I. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over the claims in this action pursuant to the provisions of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051, *et seq.*, 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a)-(b) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

2. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, and this Court may properly exercise personal jurisdiction over Defendants since each of the Defendants directly targets business activities toward consumers in the United States, including Illinois, through at least the fully interactive, e-commerce stores¹ operating under the seller aliases identified in Schedule A attached hereto (the “Seller Aliases”). Specifically, Defendants have targeted sales to Illinois residents by setting up and operating e-commerce stores that target United States

¹ The e-commerce store urls are listed on Schedule A hereto under the Online Marketplaces.

consumers using one or more Seller Aliases, offer shipping to the United States, including Illinois, accept payment in U.S. dollars and, on information and belief, have sold products using infringing and counterfeit versions of Harley-Davidson's federally registered trademarks to residents of Illinois. Each of the Defendants is committing tortious acts in Illinois, is engaging in interstate commerce, and has wrongfully caused Harley-Davidson substantial injury in the State of Illinois.

II. INTRODUCTION

3. This action has been filed by Harley-Davidson to combat e-commerce store operators who trade upon Harley-Davidson's reputation and goodwill by offering for sale and/or selling unauthorized and unlicensed products, including motorcycle parts, apparel, jewelry, and other goods, using infringing and counterfeit versions of Harley-Davidson's federally registered trademarks (the "Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products"). Defendants create e-commerce stores operating under one or more Seller Aliases that are advertising, offering for sale and selling Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products to unknowing consumers. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases share unique identifiers, establishing a logical relationship between them and that Defendants' counterfeiting operation arises out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences. Defendants attempt to avoid and mitigate liability by operating under one or more Seller Aliases to conceal both their identities and the full scope and interworking of their counterfeiting operation. Harley-Davidson is forced to file this action to combat Defendants' counterfeiting of its registered trademarks, as well as to protect unknowing consumers from purchasing Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products over the Internet. Harley-Davidson has been and continues to be irreparably damaged through consumer confusion,

dilution, and tarnishment of its valuable trademarks as a result of Defendants' actions and seeks injunctive and monetary relief.

III. THE PARTIES

Plaintiff Harley-Davidson

4. Plaintiff H-D U.S.A., LLC is a Wisconsin limited liability company having its principal place of business at 3700 West Juneau Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53208, and is the owner of the trademark rights asserted in this action.

5. Harley-Davidson is a world-famous manufacturer of motorcycles and a wide variety of other products and services, including apparel, jewelry, leather goods, and assorted accessories.

6. Since at least as early as 1903, Harley-Davidson has used and promoted the HARLEY-DAVIDSON name and trademark in connection with motorcycles, motorcycle parts and accessories.

7. Since at least as early as 1910, Harley-Davidson has used its Bar & Shield Logo. The Bar & Shield Logo and variations thereof, including, but not limited to, those shown below (collectively, the "Bar & Shield Logo"), are used for motorcycles and related products and services.



8. Since about 2000, Harley-Davidson has used its Willie G. Skull Logo (or variations thereof), including, but not limited to, those shown below (collectively, the “Willie G. Skull Logo”), for motorcycles and related products and services.



9. Since about 2008, Harley-Davidson has used its Dark Custom Logo (or variations thereof), including, but not limited to, as shown below (collectively, the “Dark Custom Logo”), for motorcycles and related products and services.



10. Harley-Davidson has continuously sold motorcycles and related goods under the HARLEY-DAVIDSON, Bar & Shield Logo, Willie G. Skull Logo, Dark Custom Logo, and other trademarks (collectively, the “HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks”). As a result of this long-standing use, strong common law trademark rights have amassed in the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks. Harley-Davidson’s use of the marks has also built substantial goodwill in and to the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks. The HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are famous marks and valuable assets of Harley-Davidson. Harley-Davidson Products typically include at least one of the registered HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks.

11. For generations, the Harley-Davidson brand has been the undisputed world leader in the field of motorcycles and related products, including those which prominently display the famous, internationally recognized, and federally registered HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks (collectively, the “Harley-Davidson Products”).

12. Several of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are registered with the United States Patent and Trademark Office, a non-exclusive list of which is included below.

REGISTRATION NUMBER	REGISTERED TRADEMARK	REGISTRATION DATE	INTERNATIONAL CLASSES
4,771,447	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	July 14, 2015	For: House mark for a full line of jewelry in class 014
3,690,031	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Sep. 29, 2009	For: Non-luminous, non-mechanical tin signs, non-luminous, non-mechanical metal signs, tool boxes of metal, tool chests of metal, key rings of metal, and metal personal identification tags in class 006
3,490,890	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Aug. 26, 2008	For: House mark for a line of motorcycles, structural parts for motorcycles and related motorcycle accessories, namely, seats, backrests, decorative fuel tank


			panels, transmission gears, fuel tanks, wheel sprockets, gear shifts, clutches, battery covers and straps, front rear, and intermediate kickstands, hub caps, shift knobs, foot rests and extensions, windshields, leg shields, fender tips, brake pedals, handlebar grips, safety guards, namely, bars for attachment to motorcycles, steering dampers, shock absorbers, spare wheels, spare wheel carriers, boot guards, namely, mud flaps and fenders, saddle covers, luggage carriers, license plate frames, handlebar cross bars, foot pedal pads, tank and fender pads, rearview, fenders and skirts, and wheel balance weights in class 012
3,393,840	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Mar. 11, 2008	For: House mark for a full line of clothing, footwear and headwear in class 025
2,281,489	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Sep. 28, 1999	For: Necklaces, bracelets, and watch bands in class 014
1,621,383	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Nov. 06, 1990	For: Model toy motorcycles, miniature motorcycle replicas, model toy trucks, electronically operated toy motorcycles in class 028
1,606,282	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Jul. 17, 1990	For: Safety goggles, protective helmets and sunglasses in class 009
1,602,474	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Jun. 19, 1990	For: Belt buckles in class 026
1,450,348	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Aug. 04, 1987	For: metal articles, namely, key fobs, key chains and license plate holders in class 006 For: Knife sheaths in class 008 For: Necklaces, earrings, pins of non-precious metals, clocks and watches in class 014



			<p>For: Children's books, bumper stickers, removable tattoos, pressure sensitive decals, checkbook covers, and playing cards in class 016</p> <p>For: Leather goods, namely, purses, wallets, duffle bags, motorcycle saddle bags, and key fobs in class 018</p> <p>For: Mirrors in class 020</p> <p>For: Mugs, drinking glasses, coasters, decanters, cups, and plastic mugs in class 021</p> <p>For: Towels, and bed spreads in class 024</p> <p>For: Sweat pants, sweaters, suspenders, scarves, bandanas, leather clothing, namely, jackets, vests, gloves, jeans, chaps, tops, boots, shorts, caps, belts, and parts of footwear, namely boot tips, in class 025</p> <p>For: Stuffed toy animals, toy banks, and model kits in class 028</p> <p>For: Cigarette cases, lighter cases, and cigarette lighters in class 034</p>
1,311,457	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Dec. 25, 1984	<p>For: Repair and Servicing of Motorcycles in class 037</p> <p>For: Retail store services in the field of motorcycles in class 042</p>
1,234,404	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Apr. 12, 1983	<p>For: Sunglasses and Protective Helmets for Motorcyclists in class 009</p> <p>For: Clothing-Namely, Jackets,</p>





			Pants, Shirts, T-Shirts, Vests, Jeans, Riding Suits, Bandannas, Rain Suits, Shorts, Nightgowns, Halters, Underwear, Tank Tops, Sweatshirts, Night Shirts, Socks, Gloves, Hats, Caps and Boots in class 025
1,219,955	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Dec. 14, 1982	For: Parts and service manuals for motorcycles, parts catalogs for motorcycles, newsletters and magazines dealing with motorcycles, calendars, posters, and decals in class 016
1,078,871	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Dec. 06, 1977	For: Vehicles-namely, motorcycles in class 012
526,750	HARLEY - DAVIDSON	Jun. 27, 1950	For: Motorcycles and structural parts thereof; accessories-namely, intermediate stands, seats, foot rests and extensions, windshields, fender tips, exhaust stacks, grips, name plates, saddle covers, luggage carriers, license frames, foot pedal pads, tandem seats, foot rests, and rear view mirrors in classes 007, 012, 022, and 027
508,160	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Apr. 05, 1949	For: Electric lamps and spare parts for same; spark plugs; and electric signs in classes 007, 009, 011, 012, and 015
507,163	HARLEY-DAVIDSON	Mar. 01, 1949	For: Motorcycle shirts; sweaters; breeches; neckties; coveralls; rain coats and hats; jackets; helmets; caps; and boots in class 025
1,708,362	HARLEY	Aug. 18, 1992	For: Embroidered patches for clothing in class 026
1,683,455	HARLEY	Apr. 14, 1992	For: Shirts, tank tops, boots, and sweatshirts in class 025

1,406,876	HARLEY	Aug. 26, 1986	For: Clothing; namely--tee shirts for men, women and children; knit tops for women and girls; and children's shirts in class 025
1,352,679	HARLEY	Aug. 06, 1985	For: Motorcycles in class 012
4,955,539	HARLEY	May 10, 2016	For: Watches, rings, bracelets, necklaces, earrings, pins being jewelry; jewelry, namely, wrist cuffs, pendants, charms and ride beads for making jewelry in class 014
1,793,137	HARLEY OWNERS GROUP	Sep. 14, 1993	For: Hunting knives, pocket knives and knife cases in class 008 For: Road atlases, newsletters, magazines relating to motorcycling, playing cards, and decals in class 016 For: Key fobs, luggage, tote bags, and travel bags in class 018 For: Plastic and ornamental pins and badges in class 020 For: Glasses, mugs, cups, and insulated can holders in class 021 For: Textile flags and banners in class 024 For: Clothing, namely, shirts, sweatshirts, t-shirts, caps, hats, jacket, vests, and bandanas in class 025 For: Belt buckles and ornamental patches in class 026
1,654,280	HD	Aug. 20, 1991	For: Jewelry, namely lapel pins, earrings, necklaces and bracelets in class 014


2,315,877	HD	Feb. 8, 2000	For: Shirts, jackets, vests, T-shirts, nightgowns, sweatshirts, nightshirts, gloves, hats, leather gloves in class 025
1,534,449	HD	Apr. 11, 1989	For: Decorative cloth patches and belt buckles of non-precious metal in class 026
2,042,130	HD	Mar. 4, 1997	For: Cigarette lighters, cigarette cases not made of precious metals, and holders for cigarette lighters not made of precious metals in class 034
1,716,992	HOG	Sep. 15, 1992	<p>For: Metal badges; figurines made of metal in class 006</p> <p>For: Clocks, watches, jewelry of precious and non-precious metal, namely, pins, charms, earrings, bracelets, necklaces, and rings; ornamental lapel pins; ashtrays, cigarette cases and holders of cigarette lighters of precious metals; belt buckles of precious metal in class 014</p> <p>For: Greeting cards, road atlas, posters, calendars, newsletters, books and magazines relating to motorcycling, paper banners relating to motorcycling, playing cards, decals, note paper, pens and pencils, checkbook clutches in class 016</p> <p>For: Drinking steins; glassware, namely, plates, cup saucers, glasses and other containers for food and beverage; mugs, cups, insulated can holders, commemorative plates, toothbrushes, quencher cups and figurines made of ceramic, porcelain and glass; leather can, glass and mug holders in class 021</p> <p>For: Flags and banners not of paper in class 024</p>



			<p>For: Clothing, namely, shirts, sweatshirts, t-shirts, caps, hats, jackets, vests, socks, shoes, boots, scarves, belts, sweat pants, pants, bandanas, gloves, suspenders, chaps, rainsuits, and mittens in class 025</p> <p>For: Belt buckles not of precious metals, ornamental pins and embroidered patches for clothing in class 026</p>
<p>1,263,936</p>		<p>Jan. 17, 1984</p>	<p>For: Medallions and non-luminous non-mechanical signs made primarily of metal and plastic in class 006</p> <p>For: Sunglasses, battery chargers, protective motorcycle crash helmets and luminous signs in class 009</p> <p>For: Electric lamps in class 011</p> <p>For: Mud flaps, fuel door plates, air cleaners, radio caddies, motorcycle tank and fender sets, leather motorcycle bags and motorcycles in class 012</p> <p>For: Jewelry - namely, necklaces, rings and key fobs in class 014</p> <p>For: Posters, paper decals and playing cards in class 016</p> <p>For: Wallets in class 018</p> <p>For: Decorative wall plaques and mirrors in class 020</p> <p>For: Mugs and insulated drinking steins in class 021</p>




			<p>For: Towels in class 024</p> <p>For: Clothing - namely, t-shirts, jackets, blue jeans, sweat shirts, underwear, bandanas, headwear, socks, boots, cycle riding suits, belts and suspenders in class 025</p> <p>For: Embroidered patches, belt buckles and lapel, hat and stick pins all of nonprecious metals in class 026</p> <p>For: Cigarette lighters in class 034</p>
4,601,391		Sep. 09, 2014	For: Cell phone covers in class 009
3,559,365		Jan. 13, 2009	<p>For: House mark for a line of motorcycles, structural parts for motorcycles, and related motorcycle accessories, namely, seats, backrests, decorative fuel tank panels, transmission gears, fuel tanks, wheel sprockets, gear shifts, clutches, battery covers and straps, front, rear, and intermediate kickstands, hub caps, shift knobs, foot rests and extensions, windshields, leg shields, fender tips, brake pedals, handlebar grips, safety guards, namely, bars for attachment to motorcycles, steering dampers, shock absorbers, spare wheels, spare wheel carriers, boot guards, namely, mud flaps and fenders, saddle covers, luggage carriers, license plate frames, handlebar cross bars, foot pedal pads, tank and fender pads, rearview mirrors, fenders and</p>




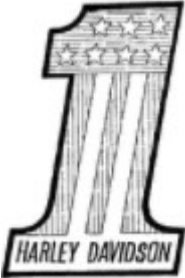
			skirts, and wheel balance weights in class 012
3,393,839		Mar. 11, 2008	For: House mark for a full line of clothing, footwear and headwear in class 025
3,185,946		Dec. 19, 2006	For: Jackets, baseball hats, caps, shirts and T-shirts in class 025
1,711,882		Sep. 01, 1992	For: Embroidered patches for clothing in class 026
1,660,539		Oct. 15, 1991	For: Knives; namely, buck knives, sporting and hunting knives, folding pocket knives, knife cases therefor, and tool kits comprising wrenches and pliers in class 008 For: sunglasses, and motorcycle parts; namely, gauges, batteries, and cruise controls in class 009 For: Flashlights in class 011 For: motorcycles and motorcycle parts; namely, air cleaners, drive belts, belt guards, brakes, chains, clutches, crankcases, engine cylinders, fenders and fender supports, footboards, forks, fuel





			<p>tanks, leg guards, handlebars, cylinder heads, mirrors, oil filters, oil pumps, seats, shock absorbers, backrests, wheels, and windshields in class 012</p> <p>For: Ankle bracelets, bracelets, earrings, necklaces, rings, tie tacks, watch bands, watches, wall clocks, and ornamental lapel pins in class 014</p> <p>For: Books about motorcycles, calendars, decals, pens, photo albums, posters, and removable tattoos in class 016</p> <p>For: Holders for cans in the nature of a rubber cylinder, duffle bags, garment bags, key fobs, suitcases, and wallets in class 018</p> <p>For: Wall mirrors and wall plaques in class 020</p> <p>For: Drinking glasses, mugs, and can holders in the nature of an insulated rubber cylinder in class 021</p> <p>For: Towels in class 024</p> <p>For: Belts, chaps, denim pants, gloves, hats, caps, jackets, neckties, night shirts, pants, rain suits, shirts, socks, suspenders, sweaters, sweatshirts, tank tops, athletic shoes, shoes, boots, t-shirts, underwear, vests and wristbands in class 025</p> <p>For: Belt buckles not made of precious metal, boot chains, and embroidered patches for clothing in class 026</p>
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			<p>For: Automobile floor mats in class 027</p> <p>For: Toy trucks in class 028</p> <p>For: Lighter holders, cigarette cases, lighter cases, and lighters, all of the foregoing not being made of precious metal in class 034</p>
<p>1,263,936</p>		<p>Jan. 17, 1984</p>	<p>For: Medallions and non-luminous non-mechanical signs made primarily of metal and plastic in class 006</p> <p>For: Sunglasses, battery chargers, protective motorcycle crash helmets and luminous signs in class 009</p> <p>For: Electric lamps in class 011</p> <p>For: Mud flaps, fuel door plates, air cleaners, radio caddies, motorcycle tank and fender sets, leather motorcycle bags and motorcycles in class 012</p> <p>For: Jewelry-Namely, Necklaces, Rings, and Key Fobs in class 014</p> <p>For: Posters, paper decals and playing cards in class 016</p> <p>For: Wallets in class 018</p> <p>For: Decorative Wall Plaques and Mirrors in class 020</p> <p>For: Mugs and Insulated Drinking Steins in class 021</p> <p>For: Towels in class 024</p>




			<p>For: Clothing-Namely, T-Shirts, Jackets, Blue Jeans, Sweat Shirts, Underwear, Bandanas, Headwear, Socks, Boots, Cycle Riding Suits, Belts and Suspenders in class 025</p> <p>For: Embroidered patches, belt buckles and lapel, hat and stick pins all of non-precious metals in class 026</p> <p>For: Cigarette lighters in class 034</p>
1,205,380		Aug. 17, 1982	<p>For: Motorcycles in class 012</p> <p>For: Clothing-Namely, T-Shirts in class 025</p>
1,224,868		Jan. 25, 1983	<p>For: Decorative Items for Motorcycles-Namely, Medallions in class 006</p> <p>For: Fitted Motorcycle Covers in class 012</p> <p>For: Key Ring Fobs in class 014</p> <p>For: General Purpose Decals; Decorative Items for Motorcycles-Namely, Decals, and Metallic Foil Decals in class 016</p> <p>For: Drinking Cups and Mugs in class 021</p> <p>For: Clothing-Namely, Jackets, T-Shirts, Tank Tops, Sweat Shirts, Bandannas, Hats, Caps, and Boots in class 025</p> <p>For: Stick, Lapel, and Hat Pins, All of Nonprecious Metals, and Decorative Cloth Patches in class 026</p>

			For: Cigarette Lighters in class 034
2,376,674		Aug. 15, 2000	<p>For: Metal locks in class 006</p> <p>For: Motorcycle parts, namely, spark plugs in class 007</p> <p>For: Optical and safety equipment, namely, sunglasses and motorcycle helmets in class 009</p> <p>For: Motorcycle parts, namely, mirrors, drive belts made of rubber, swing arm pivot covers, axle nut covers, handgrips, oil pump covers, air cleaner covers, derby covers, caliper covers, seats, brake pedals, motorcycle saddlebags, saddlebag liners, timer covers and fender tips in class 012</p> <p>For: Jewelry in class 014</p> <p>For: Leather goods, namely traveling bags and saddlery in class 018</p> <p>For: Leather gloves in class 025</p>
1,741,456		Dec. 22, 1992	For: Embroidered patches and belt buckles not of precious metals in class 026
1,511,060		Nov. 01, 1988	For: Clothing, namely, boots, sweat shirts, jeans, hats, caps, scarves, motorcycle riding suits, neck ties, shirts, t-shirts, jackets, vest, ladies tops, bandanas in class 025


3,447,304		Jun. 17, 2008	For: A full line of clothing in class 025
3,697,874		Oct. 20, 2009	For: Motorcycles and structural parts therefor in class 012
3,697,875		Oct. 20, 2009	For: Shirts, hats, caps in class 025
3,074,276		Mar. 28, 2006	For: Metal key chains in class 006

<p>3,018,481</p>		<p>Nov. 22, 2005</p>	<p>For: Ornamental novelty pins in class 026</p>
<p>2,979,002</p>		<p>Jul. 26, 2005</p>	<p>For: Drinking glasses, mugs, and beverage glassware in class 021</p>
<p>2,973,501</p>		<p>Jul. 19, 2005</p>	<p>For: Bandannas, jackets, shirts, caps, hats, T-shirts, and leather jackets in class 025</p>
<p>4,601,394</p>		<p>Sep. 09, 2014</p>	<p>For: Cell phone covers in class 009</p>

<p>3,304,863</p>		<p>Oct. 02, 2007</p>	<p>For: Metal key fobs and non-luminous and non-mechanical metal signs in class 006</p>
<p>4,844,360</p>		<p>Nov. 03, 2015</p>	<p>For: Parts of motorcycles, excluding parts of all motors and engines, namely, derby covers, air cleaner trim, timer covers, battery cover band, fuel caps, brake caliper inserts, fender skirts, console doors, head lamp visors, medallions, foot pegs, gearshift linkages, foot board covers, handlebar clamps, hand grips, fuel gauges, guard rail inserts, axle nut covers, breather end cap, valve stem caps, foot boards, turn signal visors, pivot bolt covers, tank panel, fender tip lens kit, console insert, air cleaner cover, decorative end caps, mirrors and mounting hardware for the aforesaid goods in class 012</p>
<p>4,771,442</p>		<p>Jul. 14, 2015</p>	<p>For: A full line of jewelry in class 014</p>

4,528,269		May 13, 2014	For: Jewelry, namely, earrings, necklaces in class 014
4,465,604		Jan. 14, 2014	For: Clothing, namely, shirts, hats, caps, belts, jackets, gloves, sweatshirts, lounge pants, and wrist bands in class 025
4,465,650		Jan. 14, 2014	For: Motorcycles and structural parts therefor in class 012
5,346,467	DAYMAKER	Nov. 28, 2017	For: Motorcycle headlamp in class 011
1,316,576	EAGLE IRON	Jan. 29, 1985	For: Motorcycle electrical parts, namely, coils, brushes, armatures, generators in class 007 For: Motorcycle parts, namely gear shafts, starters, clutches, sprockets, battery covers and straps, air cleaners and filters in class 012
3,818,854	FAT BOY	Jul. 13, 2010	For: Non-luminous, non-mechanical tin signs, non-luminous

			and non-mechanical metal signs in class 006
5,346,443	FXRG	Nov. 28, 2017	For: Helmets in class 009
5,493,726	FXRG	Jun. 12, 2018	For: Eyewear, body armor in class 009
2,530,093	FXRG	Jan. 15, 2002	For: Jackets, coats, suits, gloves and pants in class 025
5,770,303	FXRG	June 4, 2019	For: Clothing, namely, sweaters, jackets, scarves, bandannas, vests, jeans, pants, chaps, shirts, caps, hats, headgear for wear, belts, wristbands, coveralls, trousers, rain suits, rain coats, T-shirts, head bands, neck gators, socks, leg warmers, mittens, leather clothing, bibs; footwear, namely, shoes and boots in class 025.
2,817,659	MOTORCLOTHES	Feb. 24, 2004	For: Clothing, namely belts, coats, jackets, caps, hats, head wear, knit hats, gloves, jeans, pants, chaps, shorts, shirts, sweaters, halter tops, tank tops, T-shirts, sweatshirts, sweat pants, head bands, leather coats, leather jackets, leather pants, leather chaps, leather vests, nightgowns, night shirts, pajamas, rain coats, rain suits, scarves, lingerie, underwear, vests, and wristbands; footwear; namely, shoes and boots in class 025
3,734,072	SCREAMIN' EAGLE	Jan. 5, 2010	For: Caps, jackets, shirts, and sweatshirts; t-shirts in class 025
1,434,821	WILLIE G	Mar. 31, 1987	For: Jackets in class 025

2,892,609	 <p>“Orange Stripe Design” (a wide orange stripe outlined by two narrow stripes)</p>	Oct. 12, 2004	For: Clothing, namely jackets, shirts in class 025
3,110,597	STREET BOB	Jun 27, 2006	For: Motorcycles and motorcycle structural parts in class 012

13. The above U.S. registrations for the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are valid, subsisting, in full force and effect, and many are incontestable pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1065. The registrations for the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks constitute *prima facie* evidence of their validity and of Harley-Davidson’s exclusive right to use the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1057 (b). True and correct copies of the United States Registration Certificates for the above-listed HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**.

14. The HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are distinctive when applied to the Harley-Davidson Products, signifying to the purchaser that the products come from Harley-Davidson and are manufactured to Harley-Davidson’s quality standards. Whether Harley-Davidson manufactures the products itself or contracts with others to do so, Harley-Davidson has ensured that products bearing the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are manufactured to the highest quality standards.

15. The HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are famous marks, as that term is used in 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c)(1), and have been continuously used and never abandoned. The innovative marketing and product designs of the Harley-Davidson Products have enabled the Harley-

Davidson brand to achieve widespread recognition and fame and have made the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks some of the most well-known marks in the world. The widespread fame, outstanding reputation, and significant goodwill associated with the Harley-Davidson brand have made the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks valuable assets of Harley-Davidson.

16. Genuine Harley-Davidson Products are sold only through authorized retail channels and are recognized by the public as being exclusively associated with the Harley-Davidson brand.

17. Harley-Davidson has numerous licensees in the United States that are authorized to sell a wide range of Harley-Davidson Products. These licensees have offered a wide variety of products under the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks for decades.

18. Harley-Davidson has standards and guidelines to which all authorized licensed products branded with the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks must adhere. These standards and guidelines allow Harley-Davidson to control the quality and appearance, among other things, of licensed Harley-Davidson Products. Moreover, all licensed Harley-Davidson Products are subject to Harley-Davidson's prior written approval before they are manufactured, promoted, and sold to the public.

19. Harley-Davidson Products have become enormously popular and even iconic, driven by the brand's arduous quality standards and innovative design. Among the purchasing public, genuine Harley-Davidson Products are instantly recognizable as such. In the United States and around the world, the Harley-Davidson brand has come to symbolize high quality, and Harley-Davidson Products are among the most recognizable in the world. Harley-Davidson Products are distributed and sold to consumers through a network of nearly 700 authorized dealers located throughout the country and numerous other retail outlets.

20. Genuine Harley-Davidson Products have also been promoted and sold at the official Harley-Davidson.com website and through authorized dealers' websites for many years. Sales of Harley-Davidson Products via the Harley-Davidson.com website are significant. The Harley-Davidson.com website features proprietary content, images and designs exclusive to the Harley-Davidson brand.

21. Harley-Davidson Products and the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks have received significant unsolicited media coverage for many years, including, for example, in national publications such as *Business Week*, *The Chicago Tribune*, *The New York Times*, *The Wall Street Journal*, *The Washington Post*, and *USA Today*, as well as in numerous national television programs and online publications and websites, such as MSNBC, CNN Money, cnn.com, and Yahoo! Finance.

22. Harley-Davidson and its dealers and licensees have sold many billions of dollars of products and services under the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks over the years, and have expended millions of dollars advertising and promoting those marks through virtually every media. For example, Harley-Davidson has promoted its products and marks through dealer promotions, customer events, direct mailings, national television, print, and radio advertisements, and the Internet. As a result, products bearing the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are widely recognized and exclusively associated by consumers, the public, and the trade as being high-quality products sourced from Harley-Davidson. Harley-Davidson Products have become among the most popular of their kind in the U.S. and the world. The HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks have achieved tremendous fame and recognition which has only added to the inherent distinctiveness of the marks.

23. As a result of Harley-Davidson's significant promotional efforts, commercial success, and popularity, the HARLEY-DAVIDSON brand has been ranked annually for the past decade among the top 100 most valuable brands in the world by Interbrand, a leading independent branding firm. In 2015, Interbrand estimated the value of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON brand at US \$5.46 billion. The goodwill associated with the HARLEY-DAVIDSON brand and the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks is of incalculable and inestimable value to Harley-Davidson.

The Defendants

24. Defendants are individuals and business entities of unknown makeup who own and/or operate one or more of the e-commerce stores under at least the Seller Aliases identified on Schedule A and/or other seller aliases not yet known to Harley-Davidson. Upon information and belief, Defendants reside and/or operate in the People's Republic of China or other foreign jurisdictions with lax trademark enforcement systems, or redistribute products from the same or similar sources in those locations. Defendants have the capacity to be sued pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 17(b).

25. On information and belief, Defendants, either individually or jointly, operate one or more e-commerce stores under the Seller Aliases listed in Schedule A attached hereto. Tactics used by Defendants to conceal their identities and the full scope of their operation make it virtually impossible for Harley-Davidson to discover Defendants' true identities and the exact interworking of their counterfeit network. If Defendants provide additional credible information regarding their identities, Harley-Davidson will take appropriate steps to amend the Complaint.

IV. DEFENDANTS' UNLAWFUL CONDUCT

26. The success of the Harley-Davidson brand has resulted in its significant counterfeiting. Consequently, Harley-Davidson has a worldwide anti-counterfeiting program and regularly investigates suspicious e-commerce stores identified in proactive Internet sweeps and reported by consumers. In recent years, Harley-Davidson has identified numerous fully interactive e-commerce stores, including those operating under the Seller Aliases, which were offering for sale and/or selling Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products to consumers in this Judicial District and throughout the United States. E-commerce sales, including through e-commerce stores like those of Defendants, have resulted in a sharp increase in the shipment of unauthorized products into the United States. **Exhibit 2**, Excerpts from Fiscal Year 2018 U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”) Intellectual Property Seizure Statistics Report. Over 90% of all CBP intellectual property seizures were smaller international mail and express shipments (as opposed to large shipping containers). *Id.* Over 85% of CBP seizures originated from mainland China and Hong Kong. *Id.* Counterfeit and pirated products account for billions in economic losses, resulting in tens of thousands of lost jobs for legitimate businesses and broader economic losses, including lost tax revenue.

27. Third party service providers like those used by Defendants do not adequately subject new sellers to verification and confirmation of their identities, allowing counterfeiters to “routinely use false or inaccurate names and addresses when registering with these e-commerce platforms.” **Exhibit 3**, Daniel C.K. Chow, *Alibaba, Amazon, and Counterfeiting in the Age of the Internet*, 40 NW. J. INT’L L. & BUS. 157, 186 (2020); see also, report on “Combating Trafficking in Counterfeit and Pirated Goods” prepared by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s Office of Strategy, Policy, and Plans (Jan. 24, 2020) attached as **Exhibit 4** and finding

that on “at least some e-commerce platforms, little identifying information is necessary for a counterfeiter to begin selling” and recommending that “[s]ignificantly enhanced vetting of third-party sellers” is necessary. Counterfeiters hedge against the risk of being caught and having their websites taken down from an e-commerce platform by preemptively establishing multiple virtual store-fronts. **Exhibit 4** at p. 22. Since platforms generally do not require a seller on a third-party marketplace to identify the underlying business entity, counterfeiters can have many different profiles that can appear unrelated even though they are commonly owned and operated. **Exhibit 4** at p. 39. Further, “E-commerce platforms create bureaucratic or technical hurdles in helping brand owners to locate or identify sources of counterfeits and counterfeiters.” **Exhibit 3** at 186-187.

28. Defendants have targeted sales to Illinois residents by setting up and operating e-commerce stores that target United States consumers using one or more Seller Aliases, offer shipping to the United States, including Illinois, accept payment in U.S. dollars and, on information and belief, have sold Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products to residents of Illinois.

29. Defendants concurrently employ and benefit from substantially similar advertising and marketing strategies. For example, Defendants facilitate sales by designing e-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases so that they appear to unknowing consumers to be authorized online retailers, outlet stores, or wholesalers. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases appear sophisticated and accept payment in U.S. dollars via credit cards, Alipay, Amazon Pay, and/or PayPal. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases often include content and images that make it very difficult for consumers to distinguish such stores from an authorized retailer. Harley-Davidson has not licensed or authorized Defendants to use

any of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks, and none of the Defendants are authorized retailers of genuine Harley-Davidson Products.

30. Many Defendants also deceive unknowing consumers by using the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks without authorization within the content, text, and/or meta tags of their e-commerce stores to attract various search engines crawling the Internet looking for websites relevant to consumer searches for Harley-Davidson Products. Other e-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases omit using HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks in the item title to evade enforcement efforts while using strategic item titles and descriptions that will trigger their listings when consumers are searching for Harley-Davidson Products.

31. E-commerce store operators like Defendants commonly engage in fraudulent conduct when registering the Seller Aliases by providing false, misleading and/or incomplete information to e-commerce platforms to prevent discovery of their true identities and the scope of their e-commerce operation.

32. E-commerce store operators like Defendants regularly register or acquire new seller aliases for the purpose of offering for sale and selling Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products. Such seller alias registration patterns are one of many common tactics used by e-commerce store operators like Defendants to conceal their identities and the full scope and interworking of their counterfeiting operation, and to avoid being shut down.

33. Even though Defendants operate under multiple fictitious aliases, the e-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases often share unique identifiers, such as templates with common design elements that intentionally omit any contact information or other information for identifying Defendants or other Seller Aliases they operate or use. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases include other notable common features, such as use of the same

registration patterns, accepted payment methods, check-out methods, keywords, advertising tactics, similarities in price and quantities, the same incorrect grammar and misspellings, and/or the use of the same text and images. Additionally, Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products for sale by the Seller Aliases bear similar irregularities and indicia of being counterfeit to one another, suggesting that the Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products were manufactured by and come from a common source and that Defendants are interrelated.

34. E-commerce store operators like Defendants are in constant communication with each other and regularly participate in QQ.com chat rooms and through websites such as sellerdefense.cn, kaidianyao.com and kuajingvs.com regarding tactics for operating multiple accounts, evading detection, pending litigation, and potential new lawsuits.

35. Counterfeiters such as Defendants typically operate under multiple seller aliases and payment accounts so that they can continue operation in spite of Harley-Davidson's enforcement. E-commerce store operators like Defendants maintain off-shore bank accounts and regularly move funds from their financial accounts to off-shore accounts outside the jurisdiction of this Court to avoid payment of any monetary judgment awarded to Harley-Davidson. Indeed, analysis of financial account transaction logs from previous similar cases indicates that off-shore counterfeiters regularly move funds from U.S.-based financial accounts to off-shore accounts outside the jurisdiction of this Court.

36. Defendants are working in active concert to knowingly and willfully manufacture, import, distribute, offer for sale, and sell Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products in the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences. Defendants, without any authorization or license from Harley-Davidson, have jointly and severally, knowingly and willfully used and continue to use the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks in connection with

the advertisement, distribution, offering for sale, and sale of Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products into the United States and Illinois over the Internet.

37. Defendants' unauthorized use of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks in connection with the advertising, distribution, offering for sale, and sale of Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products, including the sale of Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products into the United States, including Illinois, is likely to cause and has caused confusion, mistake, and deception by and among consumers and is irreparably harming Harley-Davidson.

COUNT I
TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT AND COUNTERFEITING (15 U.S.C. § 1114)

38. Harley-Davidson hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

39. This is a trademark infringement action against Defendants based on their unauthorized use in commerce of counterfeit imitations of the federally registered HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, and/or advertising of infringing goods. The HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks are highly distinctive marks. Consumers have come to expect the highest quality from Harley-Davidson Products offered, sold or marketed under the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks.

40. Defendants have sold, offered to sell, marketed, distributed, and advertised, and are still selling, offering to sell, marketing, distributing, and advertising products using counterfeit reproductions of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks without Harley-Davidson's permission.

41. Harley-Davidson is the exclusive owner of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks. Harley-Davidson's United States Registrations for the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks (Exhibit 1) are in full force and effect. On information and belief, Defendants have

knowledge of Harley-Davidson's rights in the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks, and are willfully infringing and intentionally using counterfeits of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks. Defendants' willful, intentional and unauthorized use of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks is likely to cause and is causing confusion, mistake, and deception as to the origin and quality of the Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products among the general public.

42. Defendants' activities constitute willful trademark infringement and counterfeiting under Section 32 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114.

43. Harley-Davidson has no adequate remedy at law, and if Defendants' actions are not enjoined, Harley-Davidson will continue to suffer irreparable harm to its reputation and the goodwill of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks.

44. The injuries and damages sustained by Harley-Davidson have been directly and proximately caused by Defendants' wrongful reproduction, use, advertisement, promotion, offering to sell, and sale of Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products.

COUNT II
FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN (15 U.S.C. § 1125(a))

45. Harley-Davidson hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

46. Defendants' promotion, marketing, offering for sale, and sale of Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products has created and is creating a likelihood of confusion, mistake, and deception among the general public as to the affiliation, connection, or association with Harley-Davidson or the origin, sponsorship, or approval of Defendants' Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products by Harley-Davidson.

47. By using the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks on the Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products, Defendants create a false designation of origin and a misleading

representation of fact as to the origin and sponsorship of the Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products.

48. Defendants' false designation of origin and misrepresentation of fact as to the origin and/or sponsorship of the Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products to the general public involves the use of counterfeit marks and is a willful violation of Section 43 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125.

49. Harley-Davidson has no adequate remedy at law and, if Defendants' actions are not enjoined, Harley-Davidson will continue to suffer irreparable harm to its reputation and the goodwill of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Harley-Davidson prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 1) That Defendants, their affiliates, officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, confederates, and all persons acting for, with, by, through, under or in active concert with them be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined and restrained from:
 - a. using the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks or any reproductions, counterfeit copies or colorable imitations thereof in any manner in connection with the distribution, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product that is not a genuine Harley-Davidson Product or is not authorized by Harley-Davidson to be sold in connection with the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks;
 - b. passing off, inducing, or enabling others to sell or pass off any product as a genuine Harley-Davidson Product or any other product produced by Harley-Davidson, that is not Harley-Davidson's or not produced under the authorization, control, or

- supervision of Harley-Davidson and approved by Harley-Davidson for sale under the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks;
- c. committing any acts calculated to cause consumers to believe that Defendants' Counterfeit Harley-Davidson Products are those sold under the authorization, control or supervision of Harley-Davidson, or are sponsored by, approved by, or otherwise connected with Harley-Davidson;
 - d. further infringing the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks and damaging Harley-Davidson's goodwill; and
 - e. manufacturing, shipping, delivering, holding for sale, transferring or otherwise moving, storing, distributing, returning, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, products or inventory not manufactured by or for Harley-Davidson, nor authorized by Harley-Davidson to be sold or offered for sale, and which bear any of Harley-Davidson's trademarks, including the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks, or any reproductions, counterfeit copies or colorable imitations thereof;
- 2) Entry of an Order that, upon Harley-Davidson's request, those with notice of the injunction, including, without limitation, any online marketplace platforms such as eBay, AliExpress, Alibaba, Amazon, Wish.com, and Dhgate (collectively, the "Third Party Providers") shall disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or associated with Defendants in connection with the sale of counterfeit and infringing goods using the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks;
 - 3) That Defendants account for and pay to Harley-Davidson all profits realized by Defendants by reason of Defendants' unlawful acts herein alleged, and that the amount of damages for

infringement of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks be increased by a sum not exceeding three times the amount thereof as provided by 15 U.S.C. § 1117;

- 4) In the alternative, that Harley-Davidson be awarded statutory damages for willful trademark counterfeiting pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(c)(2) of \$2,000,000 for each and every use of the HARLEY-DAVIDSON Trademarks;
- 5) That Harley-Davidson be awarded its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and
- 6) Award any and all other relief that this Court deems just and proper.

Dated this 27th day of July 2021.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Justin R. Gaudio

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