

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION**

GENERAL MOTORS LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

THE PARTNERSHIPS and
UNINCORPORATED ASSOCIATIONS
IDENTIFIED ON SCHEDULE "A,"

Defendants.

Case No. 23-cv-03553

COMPLAINT

Plaintiff General Motors LLC (hereinafter, "GM" or "Plaintiff") hereby brings the present action against the Partnerships and Unincorporated Associations identified on Schedule A attached hereto (collectively, the "Defendants") and alleges as follows:

I. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. This Court has original subject matter jurisdiction over the claims in this action pursuant to the provisions of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1051, *et seq.*, 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a)-(b), and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

2. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391, and this Court may properly exercise personal jurisdiction over Defendants since each of the Defendants directly targets business activities toward consumers in the United States, including Illinois, through at least the fully interactive e-commerce stores operating under the seller aliases identified in Schedule A attached hereto (the "Seller Aliases"). Specifically, Defendants have targeted sales to Illinois residents by setting up and operating e-commerce stores that target United States consumers using one or more Seller Aliases, offer shipping to the United States, including Illinois,

accept payment in U.S. dollars and/or funds from U.S. bank accounts and, on information and belief, have sold products using infringing and counterfeit versions of GM's federally registered trademarks to residents of Illinois. Each of the Defendants is committing tortious acts in Illinois, is engaging in interstate commerce, and has wrongfully caused GM substantial injury in the State of Illinois.

II. INTRODUCTION

3. This action has been filed by GM to combat e-commerce store operators who trade upon GM's reputation and goodwill by offering for sale and/or selling unauthorized and unlicensed products, including automotive maintenance and replacement parts, automotive accessories, key chains, apparel, and home decor products using infringing and counterfeit versions of GM's federally registered trademarks (the "Counterfeit GM Products"). Defendants create e-commerce stores operating under one or more Seller Aliases that are advertising, offering for sale, and selling Counterfeit GM Products to unknowing consumers. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases share unique identifiers establishing a logical relationship between them and that Defendants' counterfeiting operation arises out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences. Defendants attempt to avoid and mitigate liability by operating under one or more Seller Aliases to conceal both their identities and the full scope and interworking of their counterfeiting operation. GM is forced to file this action to combat Defendants' counterfeiting of its registered trademarks, as well as to protect unknowing consumers from purchasing Counterfeit GM Products over the Internet. GM has been and continues to be irreparably damaged through consumer confusion, dilution, and tarnishment of its valuable trademarks as a result of Defendants' actions and seeks injunctive and monetary relief.



III. THE PARTIES

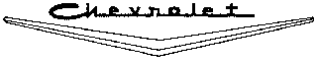




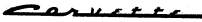






Plaintiff











4. Plaintiff General Motors LLC is a limited liability company of the State of Delaware, having its principal place of business at 300 Renaissance Center, Detroit, Michigan 48265-3000.









5. GM, one of the most preeminent automotive brands in the world, was founded in 1908 as a separate and successor company to the already famous Durant-Dort Carriage Company, which had been the largest manufacturer of horse drawn vehicles prior to the explosion of automobiles. From its founding in 1908 to present day, GM has remained at the forefront of the automotive industry. For more than 75 years, GM has been one of the largest producers of automotive vehicles in the world, with more than 7 million vehicles sold to consumers yearly, resulting in more than 130 billion dollars in revenue. GM is associated with some of the most famous and storied brands in the automotive industry, including GM, Chevrolet, Cadillac, GMC, Buick, Pontiac and ACDelco.

6. Propelled by its reputation and recognizable trademarks, which are carefully curated and monitored, consumers recognize GM and its GM brand as a source of reliable and quality vehicles, vehicle parts and accessories, miniature vehicles and toys, and various other lifestyle products (collectively, the “GM Products”). GM has registered many of its trademarks with the United States Patent and Trademark Office. GM Products typically include at least one of GM’s registered trademarks. GM uses its trademarks in connection with the marketing of its GM Products, including the following marks which are collectively referred to as the “GM Trademarks.”











Registration No.	Trademark
1,223,115	GENERAL MOTORS
861,602	GM
1,633,965	DURAGUARD
4,552,244	DURALIFE
5,367,502; 6,775,114	DURAMAX
1,342,435	GUIDE
6,439,852	GUIDEX
4,572,442	TECH 2
5,151,745	TUSCAN
3,252,846	VORTEC
271,167; 314,824; 314,825; 314,823	
1,685,062; 4,596,433; 1,474,088; 1,575,170	
1,471,518; 1,661,627; 2,309,369; 2,311,214; 2,348,249; 2,522,861; 2,563,091	CHEVROLET
2,357,128; 2,308,986; 1,494,385	CHEVY
2,313,756; 2,356,823; 2,654,526; 3,126,223; 3,628,953; 4,246,081	CAMARO
2,866,966	AVALANCHE
5,751,576; 2,656,665	BLAZER
2,561,229; 4,394,946; 2,059,324	BEL AIR
3,185,665	C6
4,646,598	CANYON
2,311,794; 4,431,312; 4,431,313; 4,431,314; 4,431,315	CHEVELLE
4,646,599	COLORADO
1,467,522; 1,494,171; 1,494,980; 1,495,033; 2,311,215; 2,314,485; 2,463,898	CORVETTE
5,643,759	CRUZE PREMIER
4,382,628	EL CAMINO
2,854,854	EQUINOX
4,444,192	HIGH COUNTRY
661,322; 2,311,798; 2,669,222	IMPALA
4,275,949; 4,275,878	L88
4,382,776	LT-1
4,713,011	LT1
2,092,090; 2,663,321	MALIBU

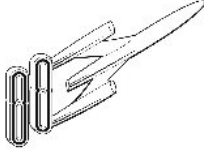
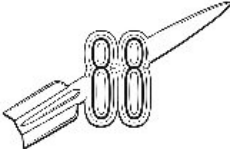







2,430,738; 2,681,174	MONTE CARLO
1,039,220	SILVERADO
1,519,946; 1,750,042; 4,436,811	STINGRAY
1,490,090; 2,652,035	SUBURBAN
1,880,529; 2,652,036	TAHOE
3,537,570	TRAVERSE
4,704,309	TRAX
4,275,899	TURBO-FIRE
4,275,896; 4,275,897	TURBO-JET
2,316,536	Z/28
2,008,406; 2,308,988; 2,654,527	Z71
4,279,992; 5,566,056	ZR2
4,172,493; 4,117,179	ZL1
1,540,658	
2,311,397; 2,563,092; 2,678,153	
2,311,791; 2,311,792; 2,311,918; 2,538,436; 2,550,170; 2,562,025; 2,578,898; 2,734,714; 2,736,654; 2,779,456	
95,398	
1,519,942; 1,530,792; 1,661,628	
579,485	
2,311,399	
2,631,880; 2,654,528	
2,750,257	
2,242,877; 2,683,719	
3,739,089; 3,739,090; 3,739,092; 3,739,093; 3,739,094; 3,739,096; 3,739,097; 3,739,098	
4,482,475; 4,597,263; 4,601,524; 4,601,525; 4,601,526; 4,601,527; 4,719,036; 4,719,043	

1,491,293; 1,494,172; 2,311,917; 2,545,133; 2,578,899; 2,666,595	
6,190,715; 6,639,689	
6,433,801	
3,650,649; 3,650,651; 3,650,654; 3,650,657	
4,514,976; 4,597,272; 4,597,273; 4,597,275; 4,597,292; 4,601,531	
2,700,379	
4,863,379; 4,863,380; 4,863,381; 4,863,382; 4,863,383; 4,863,384; 5,004,543	
1,506,101; 2,346,738	
1,898,835; 2,346,737; 2,346,904; 2,349,761; 2,756,065	
2,721,375	
201,694; 1,900,372; 1,665,834; 1,663,465; 1,782,739; 1,681,292; 1,700,662; 2,654,530; 3,609,853	CADILLAC
6,131,047	CT4
6,119,389	CT5
3,261,764	CTS
2,931,763; 2,269,827; 3,520,169; 3,520,185	ESCALADE
2,792,883	ESV
2,830,721	SRX
5,018,505	XT5
5,864,138	XT4
6,097,037	XT6
1,570,808	<i>Cadillac</i>

1,768,653	
1,723,245	
1,686,536; 1,871,376 1,872,415; 2,659,597	
2,654,531; 2,750,240; 2,779,457	
4,642,212; 4,728,403; 4,827,580; 4,827,581; 4,827,582; 4,837,265	
2,875,574	
1,470,781; 1,569,557; 2,449,301; 2,455,330; 2,459,744; 2,459,750; 2,461,681; 2,461,697; 2,700,392	GMC
3,242,874	ACADIA
5,751,578	AT4
2,224,539	DENALI
4,973,662	ELEVATION
2,744,964	LIKE NOTHING ELSE
2,057,709	SAVANA
1,573,202; 2,683,735	SIERRA
1,598,480	YUKON
3,056,298	H2
3,453,396; 3,457,399; 3,717,305	H3
2,245,635; 2,414,500; 2,953,685; 5,519,708	HUMMER
2,631,795; 2,740,337; 2,654,456; 2,645,796; 2,954,605; 2,625,050	HUMMER
2,625,051; 2,604,940; 2,707,075	
2,659,457	

860,907; 1,682,097; 1,685,308; 1,685,358; 1,686,484; 1,694,262; 1,727,606; 2,625,102; 2,678,154	BUICK
5,464,849	AVENIR
3,336,426	ENCLAVE
4,342,824	ENCORE
4,308,089; 4,333,887; 4,333,889; 4,333,888; 4,333,886	GNX
4,275,405; 4,275,368; 4,275,406; 4,275,397; 4,275,355	GRAND NATIONAL
4,275,881; 4,275,882	GSX
2,926,906	LACROSSE
2,693,400	REGAL
5,082,334	RIVIERA
5,570,976	TOURX
511,603	BUICK
1,559,739; 1,690,241; 1,698,990; 1,713,553; 1,734,354; 1,741,359; 1,790,402; 2,545,104; 2,625,101; 2,631,830; 2,740,351	
1,473,052	
1,467,546; 1,701,857; 1,708,037; 1,744,568; 2,539,540; 2,563,775; 2,563,776; 2,659,488; 2,683,733; 2,685,227	PONTIAC
1,470,780; 2,700,393	FIREBIRD
2,686,610	BONNEVILLE
1,470,782; 3,329,341; 3,329,342	FIERO
2,686,611	GRAND AM
2,752,897	GRAND PRIX
2,522,859; 4,275,876; 4,275,877	GTO
2,985,088; 3,401,756	THE JUDGE
4,279,990; 4,279,991	WS6
1,495,970	 PONTIAC

<p>1,686,331; 1,697,696; 1,697,755; 1,744,567; 2,539,542; 2,550,171; 2,555,084; 2,570,842; 2,625,151; 2,635,330; 2,683,734</p>	
<p>2,563,777</p>	
<p>1,494,384</p>	
<p>2,734,723</p>	
<p>4,334,451; 4,334,454</p>	
<p>4,338,289; 4,338,290</p>	
<p>4,338,292</p>	
<p>4,338,293; 4,338,294</p>	
<p>2,775,430; 1,745,728; 2,736,653; 1,744,632</p>	<p>OLDSMOBILE</p>
<p>4,286,315; 4,286,316</p>	<p>442</p>
<p>2,777,839</p>	
<p>2,727,122</p>	

4,334,441	
4,331,923	
2,052,593	AC-DELCO
6,883,181	DELCO
2,216,695	AUTOTRAC
4,189,148	DELCO REMY
2,044,503	DEX-COOL
6,725,091	DEXCOOL
3,929,002	DEXOS
833,566; 3,532,106	DEXRON
2,010,805	RAPID FIRE
2,457,659	TRANSYND
310,672; 311,173; 311,656	
2,440,150; 2,440,149; 2,426,384; 2,445,740; 2,445,739; 3,111,630; 2,399,723; 2,445,737; 2,445,738; 5,157,151	
1,739,592	
5,751,569	
3,945,278	
4,653,624	
4,471,526	

7. The above U.S. registrations for the GM Trademarks are valid, subsisting, in full force and effect, and many are incontestable pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1065. The registrations for the GM Trademarks constitute *prima facie* evidence of their validity and of GM’s exclusive right to use the GM Trademarks pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1057(b). True and correct copies of the United

States Registration Certificates for the above-listed GM Trademarks are attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**.

8. The GM Trademarks are distinctive when applied to the GM Products, signifying to the purchaser that the products come from GM and are manufactured to GM's quality standards. Whether GM manufactures the products itself or contracts with others to do so, GM has ensured that products bearing the GM Trademarks are manufactured to the highest quality standards.

9. The GM Trademarks are famous marks, as that term is used in 15 U.S.C. § 1125(c)(1), and have been used by GM for many years. The innovative marketing and product designs of the GM Products have enabled the GM brand to achieve widespread recognition and fame and have made the GM Trademarks some of the most well-known marks in the industry. The widespread fame, outstanding reputation, and significant goodwill associated with the GM brand have made the GM Trademarks valuable assets of GM.

10. GM has expended substantial time, money, and other resources in developing, advertising and otherwise promoting the GM Trademarks. In fact, GM has expended millions of dollars annually in advertising, promoting, and marketing featuring the GM Trademarks. GM Products have also been the subject of extensive unsolicited publicity resulting from their high quality, performance, and innovative design. As a result, products bearing the GM Trademarks are widely recognized and exclusively associated by consumers, the public, and the trade as being high-quality products sourced from GM. GM Products have become among the most popular of their kind in the U.S. and the world. The GM Trademarks have achieved tremendous fame and recognition which has only added to the distinctiveness of the marks. As such, the goodwill associated with the GM Trademarks is of incalculable and inestimable value to GM.

11. GM Products are sold online via the GM.com website and through authorized dealers and licensees, including several in the Chicago area. Sales of GM Products via the GM.com website are significant. The GM.com website features proprietary content, images, and designs exclusive to the GM brand.

The Defendants

12. Defendants are individuals and business entities of unknown makeup who own and/or operate one or more of the e-commerce stores under at least the Seller Aliases identified on Schedule A and/or other seller aliases not yet known to Plaintiff. On information and belief, Defendants reside and/or operate in the People's Republic of China or other foreign jurisdictions, or redistribute products from the same or similar sources in those locations. Defendants have the capacity to be sued pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 17(b).

13. On information and belief, Defendants, either individually or jointly, operate one or more e-commerce stores under the Seller Aliases listed in Schedule A attached hereto. Tactics used by Defendants to conceal their identities and the full scope of their operations make it virtually impossible for Plaintiff to learn Defendants' true identities and the exact interworking of their counterfeit network. If Defendants provide additional credible information regarding their identities, Plaintiff will take appropriate steps to amend the Complaint.

IV. DEFENDANTS' UNLAWFUL CONDUCT

14. The success of the GM brand has resulted in significant counterfeiting of the GM Trademarks. Consequently, GM has a worldwide anti-counterfeiting program and regularly investigates suspicious e-commerce stores identified in proactive Internet sweeps and reported by consumers. In recent years, GM has identified many fully interactive, e-commerce stores offering Counterfeit GM Products on online marketplace platforms such as Amazon, eBay, AliExpress,

Alibaba, Walmart, Wish.com, Etsy, and DHgate, including the e-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases. The Seller Aliases target consumers in this Judicial District and throughout the United States. According to a U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) report, in 2021, CBP made over 27,000 seizures of goods with intellectual property rights (IPR) violations totaling over \$3.3 billion, an increase of \$2.0 billion from 2020. *Intellectual Property Rights Seizure Statistics, Fiscal Year 2021*, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (**Exhibit 2**). Of the 27,000 in total IPR seizures, over 24,000 came through international mail and express courier services (as opposed to containers), most of which originated from China and Hong Kong. *Id.*

15. Third party service providers like those used by Defendants do not adequately subject new sellers to verification and confirmation of their identities, allowing counterfeiters to “routinely use false or inaccurate names and addresses when registering with these e-commerce platforms.” **Exhibit 3**, Daniel C.K. Chow, *Alibaba, Amazon, and Counterfeiting in the Age of the Internet*, 40 NW. J. INT’L L. & BUS. 157, 186 (2020); *see also*, report on “Combating Trafficking in Counterfeit and Pirated Goods” prepared by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security’s Office of Strategy, Policy, and Plans (Jan. 24, 2020) attached as **Exhibit 4** and finding that on “at least some e-commerce platforms, little identifying information is necessary for a counterfeiter to begin selling” and recommending that “[s]ignificantly enhanced vetting of third-party sellers” is necessary. Counterfeiters hedge against the risk of being caught and having their websites taken down from an e-commerce platform by preemptively establishing multiple virtual store-fronts. **Exhibit 4** at 22. Since platforms generally do not require a seller on a third-party marketplace to identify the underlying business entity, counterfeiters can have many different profiles that can appear unrelated even though they are commonly owned and operated. **Exhibit 4** at 39. Further,

“E-commerce platforms create bureaucratic or technical hurdles in helping brand owners to locate or identify sources of counterfeits and counterfeiters.” **Exhibit 3** at 186-187.

16. Defendants have targeted sales to Illinois residents by setting up and operating e-commerce stores that target United States consumers using one or more Seller Aliases, offer shipping to the United States, including Illinois, accept payment in U.S. dollars and/or funds from U.S. bank accounts and, on information and belief, have sold Counterfeit GM Products to residents of Illinois.

17. Defendants concurrently employ and benefit from substantially similar advertising and marketing strategies. For example, Defendants facilitate sales of Counterfeit GM Products by designing the e-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases so that they appear to unknowing consumers to be authorized online retailers, outlet stores, or wholesalers. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases appear sophisticated and accept payment in U.S. dollars and/or funds from U.S. bank accounts via credit cards, Alipay, Amazon Pay, and/or PayPal. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases often include content and images that make it very difficult for consumers to distinguish such stores from an authorized retailer. On information and belief, Plaintiff has not licensed or authorized Defendants to use any of the GM Trademarks, and none of the Defendants are authorized retailers of genuine GM Products.

18. Many Defendants also deceive unknowing consumers by using one or more GM Trademarks without authorization within the content, text, and/or meta-tags of their e-commerce stores to attract various search engines crawling the Internet looking for websites relevant to consumer searches for GM Products. Other e-commerce stores operating under Seller Aliases omit using GM Trademarks in the item title to evade enforcement efforts while using strategic

item titles and descriptions that will trigger their listings when consumers are searching for GM Products.

19. E-commerce store operators like Defendants commonly engage in fraudulent conduct when registering the Seller Aliases by providing false, misleading and/or incomplete information to e-commerce platforms to prevent discovery of their true identities and the scope of their e-commerce operation.

20. E-commerce store operators like Defendants regularly register or acquire new seller aliases for the purpose of offering for sale and selling Counterfeit GM Products. Such seller alias registration patterns are one of many common tactics used by e-commerce store operators like Defendants to conceal their identities, the full scope and interworking of their counterfeiting operation, and to avoid being shut down.

21. Even though Defendants operate under multiple fictitious aliases, the e-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases often share unique identifiers, such as templates with common design elements that intentionally omit any contact information or other information for identifying Defendants or other Seller Aliases they operate or use. E-commerce stores operating under the Seller Aliases include other notable common features such as use of the same registration patterns, accepted payment methods, check-out methods, keywords, advertising tactics, similarities in price and quantities, the same incorrect grammar and misspellings, and/or the use of the same text and images. Additionally, Counterfeit GM Products for sale by the Seller Aliases bear similar irregularities and indicia of being counterfeit to one another, suggesting that the Counterfeit GM Products were manufactured by and come from a common source and that Defendants are interrelated.

22. E-commerce store operators like Defendants are in constant communication with each other and regularly participate in QQ.com chat rooms and through websites such as sellerdefense.cn and kuajingvs.com regarding tactics for operating multiple accounts, evading detection, pending litigation, and potential new lawsuits.

23. Counterfeiters such as Defendants typically operate under multiple seller aliases and payment accounts so that they can continue operation in spite of GM's enforcement. E-commerce store operators like Defendants maintain off-shore bank accounts and regularly move funds from their financial accounts to off-shore accounts outside the jurisdiction of this Court to avoid payment of any monetary judgment awarded to GM. Indeed, analysis of financial account transaction logs from previous similar cases indicates that off-shore counterfeiters regularly move funds from U.S.-based financial accounts to off-shore accounts outside the jurisdiction of this Court.

24. Defendants are working in active concert to knowingly and willfully manufacture, import, distribute, offer for sale, and sell Counterfeit GM Products in the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences. Defendants, without any authorization or license from GM, have jointly and severally, knowingly and willfully used and continue to use the GM Trademarks in connection with the advertisement, distribution, offering for sale, and sale of the Counterfeit GM Products into the United States and Illinois over the Internet.

25. Defendants' unauthorized use of the GM Trademarks in connection with the advertising, distribution, offering for sale, and sale of Counterfeit GM Products, including the sale of Counterfeit GM Products into the United States, including Illinois, is likely to cause and has caused confusion, mistake, and deception by and among consumers and is irreparably harming GM.

COUNT I
TRADEMARK INFRINGEMENT AND COUNTERFEITING (15 U.S.C. § 1114)

26. GM hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

27. This is a trademark infringement action against Defendants based on their unauthorized use in commerce of counterfeit imitations of the federally registered GM Trademarks in connection with the sale, offering for sale, distribution, and/or advertising of infringing goods. The GM Trademarks are highly distinctive marks. Consumers have come to expect the highest quality from GM Products sold or marketed under the GM Trademarks.

28. Defendants have sold, offered to sell, marketed, distributed, and advertised, and are still selling, offering to sell, marketing, distributing, and advertising products using counterfeit reproductions of the GM Trademarks without GM's permission.

29. GM is the exclusive owner of the GM Trademarks. GM's United States Registrations for the GM Trademarks (**Exhibit 1**) are in full force and effect. On information and belief, Defendants have knowledge of GM's rights in the GM Trademarks and are willfully infringing and intentionally using counterfeits of the GM Trademarks. Defendants' willful, intentional, and unauthorized use of the GM Trademarks is likely to cause and is causing confusion, mistake, and deception as to the origin and quality of the Counterfeit GM Products among the general public.

30. Defendants' activities constitute willful trademark infringement and counterfeiting under Section 32 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1114.

31. GM has no adequate remedy at law and, if Defendants' actions are not enjoined, GM will continue to suffer irreparable harm to its reputation and the goodwill of its well-known GM Trademarks.

32. The injuries and damages sustained by GM have been directly and proximately caused by Defendants' wrongful reproduction, use, advertisement, promotion, offering to sell, and sale of Counterfeit GM Products.

COUNT II
FALSE DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN (15 U.S.C. § 1125(a))

33. GM hereby re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in the preceding paragraphs.

34. Defendants' promotion, marketing, offering for sale, and sale of Counterfeit GM Products has created and is creating a likelihood of confusion, mistake, and deception among the general public as to the affiliation, connection, or association with GM or the origin, sponsorship, or approval of Defendants' Counterfeit GM Products by GM.

35. By using the GM Trademarks in connection with the sale of Counterfeit GM Products, Defendants create a false designation of origin and a misleading representation of fact as to the origin and sponsorship of the Counterfeit GM Products.

36. Defendants' false designation of origin and misrepresentation of fact as to the origin and/or sponsorship of the Counterfeit GM Products to the general public involves the use of counterfeit marks and is a willful violation of Section 43 of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1125.

37. GM has no adequate remedy at law and, if Defendants' actions are not enjoined, GM will continue to suffer irreparable harm to its reputation and the goodwill of its GM Trademarks and brand.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, GM prays for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- 1) That Defendants, their affiliates, officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, confederates, and all persons acting for, with, by, through, under or in active concert with them be temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoined and restrained from:
 - a. using the GM Trademarks or any reproductions, counterfeit copies, or colorable imitations thereof in any manner in connection with the distribution, promotion, marketing, advertising, offering for sale, or sale of any product that is not a genuine GM Product or is not authorized by GM to be sold in connection with the GM Trademarks;
 - b. passing off, inducing, or enabling others to sell or pass off any products as genuine GM Products or any other products produced by GM that are not GM's, or not produced under the authorization, control, or supervision of GM and approved by GM for sale under the GM Trademarks;
 - c. committing any acts calculated to cause consumers to believe that Defendants' Counterfeit GM Products are those sold under the authorization, control, or supervision of GM, or are sponsored by, approved by, or otherwise connected with GM;
 - d. further infringing the GM Trademarks and damaging GM's goodwill; and
 - e. manufacturing, shipping, delivering, holding for sale, transferring or otherwise moving, storing, distributing, returning, or otherwise disposing of, in any manner, products or inventory not manufactured by or for GM, nor authorized by GM to be sold or offered for sale, and which bear any of GM's trademarks, including the GM Trademarks, or any reproductions, counterfeit copies, or colorable imitations thereof;
- 2) Entry of an Order that, upon GM's request, those with notice of the injunction, including, without limitation, any online marketplace platforms such as eBay, AliExpress, Alibaba,

Amazon, Walmart, Wish.com, Etsy, and DHgate (collectively, the “Third Party Providers”) shall disable and cease displaying any advertisements used by or associated with Defendants in connection with the sale of counterfeit and infringing goods using the GM Trademarks;

- 3) That Defendants account for and pay to GM all profits realized by Defendants by reason of Defendants’ unlawful acts herein alleged, and that the amount of damages for infringement of the GM Trademarks be increased by a sum not exceeding three times the amount thereof as provided by 15 U.S.C. § 1117;
- 4) In the alternative, that GM be awarded statutory damages for willful trademark counterfeiting pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1117(c)(2) of \$2,000,000 for each and every use of the GM Trademarks;
- 5) That GM be awarded its reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs; and
- 6) Award any and all other relief that this Court deems just and proper.

Dated this 6th day of June 2023.

Respectfully submitted,

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